SPECIFICATION

Attorney Docket No. 10778.00016

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known that **John W. von Holdt, Jr.**, a citizen of the United States and a resident of Glenview, Illinois, has invented certain new and useful improvements in a

PLASTIC CONTAINER AND LID CONSTRUCTION

of which the following is a specification.

CROSS REFEENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation-in-part of application Serial No. 10/600,250 filed June 20,
2003 entitled "Plastic Container and Lid Construction" and which is a division (continuation) of
Serial No. 09/925,246 filed August 8, 2001 (now U.S. Patent No) entitled
"Plastic Container and Lid Construction" which is a continuation of application Serial No.
09/492,199 filed January 27, 2000 (now abandoned) entitled "Plastic Container and Lid
Construction" each of which is incorporated herewith by reference and for which priority is claimed.

Banner & Witcoff, Ltd. Ten S. Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606 312/463-5000 240722 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a molded plastic container or bucket and a compatible lid

wherein the lid is removably secured to the open end of the container.

Many designs of molded plastic buckets or containers are known, for example, as disclosed in

the following patents of John W. Von Holdt, Sr.: Patent Nos. 4,375,948; 4,574,974; 4,512,494;

4,512,493; 4,452,382; 4,380,305; 4,308,970; and 4,210,258. Buckets or containers for food, paint,

solvents and chemicals have been made from molded plastic materials in accord with the teachings

of such patents. However, molded plastic buckets may lack the strength of buckets fabricated from

metal. Thus special designs for plastic buckets may be adopted to obtain, for example, desired

structural integrity, hoop strength and stacking strength. Hoop strength relates to the function or

characteristic of the container to resist lateral deformation or change in the cross sectional shape of

the container when lateral forces act upon the sides of the container. Stacking strength relates to the

function or characteristic of the container to support vertical loads such as those which may occur

when containers are stacked upon each other.

Also the design of the mouth or open end of a plastic bucket or container and a compatible lid

presents a challenge to provide a lid that is properly retained and sealed on the open top of the

bucket. Von Holdt in U.S. Patent No. 5,538,154 entitled Snap-On Flexible Lid discloses a plastic lid

with a peripheral flange constructed to enhance the "drop strength" of the lid while retaining

flexibility adequate to permit removal of the lid from a container. Drop strength relates to the

function or characteristic of the lid to maintain attachment to a container even when dropped from

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various heights. Von Holdt in U.S. Patent No. 5,437,386 entitled Container with Tamper-Evident

Lid Removal Means discloses additional embodiments of compatible molded plastic bucket and lid

constructions.

Attachment of a lid to the open end of a molded plastic bucket often involves frictional or

interference engagement or interaction between a rib, lip or groove molded in the open end of the

bucket and a circumferential flange projection or groove in the lid. For example, the lid may include

a radially, inwardly extending flange, rib or lip that is engaged with an outwardly extending rib on

the outside wall of the bucket. A typical prior art lid and bucket combination is depicted in the cross

section in Figure 1. A bucket side wall 10 includes two circumferential, outwardly extending radial

ribs 12, 14 which are each cooperative with a separate, inwardly extending circumferential, radial

flange, 18, 20 on a skirt 13 of the lid 11. Flanges 18, 20 fit over the bucket ribs 12, 14 and thereby

hold or retain the lid 11 on the bucket. The flanges 18, 20 resist release or removal of the lid 11 from

the top or open end of the bucket.

Such prior art constructions work well. However, the need for a tamper resistant, improved

lid construction for use in combination with a molded plastic bucket has remained.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In a principal aspect, the present invention comprises a molded plastic bucket or container

and a compatible lid combination wherein the bucket includes at least two, radially outwardly

extending, generally horizontal flanges or ribs at the top or open end of the bucket, and wherein the

lid includes a depending skirt with at least two inwardly extending flanges or ribs that cooperate with

the bucket ribs by engaging the bucket ribs. In this manner, the lid is held by cooperative

engagement of the lid flanges with the bucket ribs. Further, the lid includes a downwardly

extending, circumferential tongue adapted to fit in a circumferential groove in the top edge of the

bucket. The profile of the inside of the depending skirt of the lid is shaped to thwart tampering with

the seal of the lid on the container. A removable tear seal is also incorporated in skirt of the lid. The

tear seal has a zigzag shape which enables removal of portions of the lower lid flange when the seal

is removed.

Thus it is an object of the invention to provide an improved molded plastic bucket and lid

combination.

A further object of the invention is to provide a molded plastic bucket with outwardly

projecting lid retention ribs at the open end of the bucket and a lid with inwardly extending ribs or

flanges that hook over the bucket ribs to thereby effect sealing and retention of the lid on the bucket.

Another object of the invention is to provide a bucket design and lid construction which is

tamper resistant and which can be made from molded plastic.

Another object of the invention is to provide a molded plastic bucket and lid wherein

multiple buckets each closed by a lid may be easily stacked.

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A further object of the invention is to provide a combination molded plastic bucket and

separable lid wherein the lid includes an improved seal.

Another object of the invention is to provide a combination plastic bucket and lid which

incorporates multiple points of contact to effect a seal between the open end of the bucket and the

lid.

A further object of the invention is to provide a bucket and lid made from molded plastic

which is economical to manufacture, may be made for a reasonable cost of materials, and which has

necessary structural integrity and strength, including hoop strength, stacking strength and drop

strength.

These and other objects, advantages and features of the invention are set forth in the detailed

description which follows.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

In the detailed description which follows, reference will be made to the drawing, comprised of the following figures:

Figure 1 is a cross sectional view of a typical prior art lid construction for a molded plastic bucket;

Figure 2 is a cross sectional view of a first embodiment of the lid and bucket construction of the present invention;

Figure 3 is an isometric view of the embodiment of the lid and bucket construction of the invention as depicted in Figure 2 illustrating the attachment of the lid to the bucket;

Figure 4 is an enlarged isometric view of the security release strip associated with the lid of the embodiment of Figure 2;

Figure 5 is an exploded, isometric view of the embodiment of Figure 2;

Figure 6 is a cross sectional view of an alternative embodiment of the invention depicting the manner of stacking multiple unfilled containers or buckets.

Figure 7 is a cross sectional view of the bucket of Figure 6 with a compatible lid;

Figure 8 is an enlarged partial cross sectional view of the lid and bucket construction of Figure 7;

Figure 9 is partial side elevation of the lid of the embodiment of Figure 7 illustrating the lid tear strip;

Figure 10 is a partial side elevation of the lid of the embodiment of Figure 7 illustrating an end of the lid tear strip;

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Figure 11 is an isometric exploded view of a bucket and lid of Figure 7 with the tear strip partially removed;

Figure 12 is a partial cross sectional view of an alternate design of the bucket rim and lid rim or periphery; and

Figure 13 is a partial cross sectional view of an alternate design of the bucket rim and lid rim or periphery.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figure 1 illustrates a typical prior art lid 11 and bucket or container 16. The lid 11 includes a

depending flange or skirt 13 with radially inwardly extending ribs or flanges 18, 20 that cooperate

with radially outwardly extending ribs 12, 14 associated with the top or open end 17 of the side wall

10 of bucket 16. Rib 12 is at the extreme upper, open end 17 of the bucket 16 and has a generally

rectangular cross section. Rib 12 extends around the entire circumference of the bucket, pail, or

container 16. Similarly, the lower rib 14 extends around the circumference of bucket side wall 10 of

bucket 16.

The ribs 12 and 14 are vertically spaced from one another and preferably are continuous with

a uniform cross section about the circumference of the bucket 16. The inwardly extending, locking

ribs or flanges 18 and 20 of the lid 11 are similarly spaced and engage respectively under the bucket

ribs 12 and 14 to hold the lid 11 tightly on bucket 16. An optional flexible gasket 22 may be

provided to seal the bottom of lid 10 against upper surface 21 of the outwardly radially extending rib

12 of bucket 16. The container 16 and lid 11 are fabricated from molded plastic material.

Figures 2-5 depict a first embodiment of an improved lid 26 and a compatible bucket, pail or

container 44. Referring to those figures, lid 26 includes a recessed central panel or section 28 which

connects with an upwardly extending, vertical wall or hoop 30 that extends around the circumference

of the central section 28. The hoop 30 is integrally connected to a radially outwardly extending

annular, planar section 32. The annular section 32 further connects with an upwardly and outwardly

extending, inclined wall or hoop section 34 which, in turn, connects with a radially outwardly

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Banner & Witcoff, Ltd. Ten S. Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606 312/463-5000 extending annular planar section 36, connected to a downwardly extending skirt 38 described in

greater detail below.

Upwardly and downwardly extending vertical reinforcing fillets 31, 33 respectively are

optionally provided at spaced intervals about the periphery of section 32. Fillets 31, 33 function to

stiffen the lid 26 including the hoops 30, 34. The lid 26 further includes a downwardly extending,

internal lip or flange 40 which projects vertically downwardly from hoop 34 and is parallel to and

spaced outwardly from the hoop 30 so that flange 40 will fit against the inside side surface 45 of

bucket side wall 46. The flange 40 thus defines another hoop and further functions as an inside lid

seal. The flange 40 is, in cross section, in the form of a wedge with a narrow portion of the wedge at

the lower end 42 of the flange 40. This shape facilitates sealing of and positioning of the lid 10 onto

container or bucket 44 since flange 40 is wedged into engagement with the inside surface 45 of

vertical, bucket side wall 46 at the upper end or open end of the bucket 44. The flange 40 is flexible

or elastic to promote sealing. Fillets 33 spaced about the circumference of flange 40 insure the

flange 40 will be biased toward the wall 46 to effect a seal on surface 45.

The bucket 44 includes an upper, circumferential, outwardly extending, horizontal rib 50.

Horizontal top surface 51 of the rib 50 includes a groove or channel 52 for receipt of a downwardly

extending tongue or wedge seal 48 of lid 26. In the preferred embodiment, the channel 52 and the

seal 48 are fully circumferential. However, other configurations are possible so long as the seal 48

and channel 52 are compatible and provide a sealing function. The radial or horizontal spacing of

seal 48 and flange 40 is chosen to enhance a sealing and wedging, grasping or gripping function of

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the lid 26 onto the bucket 44. An alternative to the seal 48 and groove 52 comprises a compressible

seal (not shown) fitted against the top surface 51 of rib 50 similar to the seal of Figure 1.

The upper rib 50 includes a circumferential, inwardly extending, lower land 54 which acts as

a contact surface for a portion of the lid 26 as described below. Spaced vertically downwardly from

the radially extending rib 50 on the outside of the bucket side wall 46 is a second circumferential rib

56 which includes a lower, horizontal land 57. As an optional feature, a third generally radial,

outwardly extending rib 58 projects from the outside of the bucket side wall 46 for further

cooperation with the lid 26. Rib 58 includes an inclined upper land 63.

The lid 26 includes a first inwardly extending locking rib or flange 60 attached to the

downwardly extending, outer skirt 38. The locking flange 60 includes a surface 61 which engages

against the lower land 54 of bucket rib 50 to tightly retain the lid 10 in position on bucket 44.

The skirt 38 further includes a second, inwardly extending flange 62 which provides a first,

latching surface 64 and a second, inwardly inclined face 66. The face 66 extends over a top land or

surface 59 of the bucket rib 56. It is noted that the locking flanges 60 and 62 engage respectively

with parallel, spaced surfaces 54, 57 of the radially outwardly extending ribs 50, 56 at the mouth of

the bucket 44. Thus, the lid flanges 60 and 62 are, in essence, wedged against the ribs 50 and 56

respectively as a result of their spacing and configuration.

A further feature comprises a third inwardly extending rib or flange 68 of lid 26 attached to

bottom of the skirt 38. Flange 68 extends inwardly to engage against or be positioned adjacent the

top surface 63 of the radially outwardly and downwardly extending rib 58 of the bucket 44. The

flange 68 is preferably connected to the skirt 38 along a zigzag tear strip boundary 70 so that a tab 69

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molded to provide a free end of flange 68 may be gripped and a tear strip, defined by rib 68 and

portions of rib 62, may be removed or torn away from the skirt 38 to enable the lid 26 to be removed

from the bucket 44. As depicted in Figures 3-5, the tear strip incorporates the rib or flange 68 as well

as portions of rib or flange 62. Removal of the tear strip releases the holding force associated with

those portions of flange 62 that have been removed. The described configuration therefore facilitates

ease of removal as well as replacement of a lid 26 on an open container 44. Also, if flange 68 is

subjected to undesired tampering, the flange 68 will tear along a boundary 70 and thus tampering

may be evidenced.

In review, the optional wedge seal 48 that fits in the channel 52 enhances sealing of the lid 26

to the bucket 44. Additionally, the downwardly extending flange 40 serves to seal the lid 26 to the

bucket 44. The bridging planar radial section 36 connecting the flange 40 and skirt 38 is elastic and

deformable so as to enable the skirt 38 to be deformed to permit removal of the lid 26. The inwardly

extending flanges 60, 62 and 68 are defined by angled surfaces which facilitate the movement or

attachment of the lid 26 by virtue of a snap action wherein the flange or skirt 38 will deform

elastically and then snap the various flanges 60, 62 into position to appropriately engage ribs 50,56

of the bucket and wedge the lid 26 against the top of the bucket 44. The angled walls (e.g., face 66

of flange 62) defining the flanges 60, 62 further facilitate the removal and subsequent replacement of

the lid 26 after the tear strip has been removed. Face 65 below flange 60 has a similar function.

As depicted in the drawing, the lid 26 includes a recessed central section or panel 28. This

panel 28 enables buckets 44 to be stacked one upon the other inasmuch as the side wall 46 of each

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bucket 44 has, or may have, a draft angle and thus the lower end of the bucket 44 is sized to fit on

top of the lid 26 in the area defined by the central section or panel 28.

With the lid construction of the present invention, the wedging and locking functions

associated with the design of the edge or skirt of the lid 26 provide an improved and more permanent

seal of the lid 26 to the bucket. The use of two inwardly extending flanges to provide a wedging and

locking function is preferred along with a zig-zag tear seal which permits removal of part of flange

62. However, it is possible to vary the number of lid flanges and bucket ribs, and to vary positioning

of the ribs vertically along the side of a bucket wall in combination with inwardly extending flanges

shaped in various configurations and tear strips associated with the lid 26. The sealing channel 52 in

the bucket top also may be varied. That is, the channel 52 in bucket 44, which cooperates with the

downwardly depending circumferential rib 48 of the lid, may be replaced by a gasket seal of some

type, for example. Also, the ribs and flanges are described as continuous, but may be discontinuous.

The zig-zag tear seal may also vary in configuration and include one or more flanges 60, 62, 68.

Referring next to Figures 6-11, there is illustrated an alternative embodiment of the lid and

bucket construction of the invention. A bucket 74 includes a sidewall 76 which is made from

molded plastic material and defines a generally frustoconical section about a vertical axis 78. The

bucket sidewall 76 extends from the bottom 80 of the bucket upwardly and terminates with the open

top 82.

The open top 82 includes a circumferential, first upper rib 84 with a depending groove 86 in

the top surface thereof. Spaced from rib 84 is a second rib 86 which extends about the outside

circumference of the wall 76.

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Positioned below the flange or rib 88 is a depending skirt 90 having an outwardly and

vertically downwardly inclined face 92, a generally vertical wall 94 and a connecting inwardly

extending molded land or planar section 96 connected to the wall 76. The molded wall 76 in

combination with the skirt 90 functions to provide enhanced hoop strength to the container 74.

As depicted in Figures 7 and 8, the upper end 82 of the side wall 76 is designed to be used in

combination with a lid 96. The lid 96 includes a center circular panel or section 98 which is

connected by an inclined annular section 100 to a generally horizontal annular section 102. The

annular section 102 connects to a downwardly depending inner circumferential flange 104 and

upwardly extending inclined outward extending hoop 106. The hoop 106 further connects with an

annular planar section 108 which extends generally horizontally outwardly and perpendicular to the

axis 78 when the bucket is in the configuration or orientation depicted in Figure 6. The annular

section 108 includes a downwardly extending tongue seal 110 which fits into the recessed groove 86.

The lid of 96 further includes a depending skirt 112 spaced from the flange 104 and

extending downwardly from annular section 108. The skirt 112 includes a first, circumferential,

inwardly extending flange 114 having a flange surface 116 which engages against the underside of

the rib 84. The skirt 112 further includes a second circumferential inwardly extending rib member or

flange 118 which cooperates with the bucket rib 88 by engaging the underside thereof. The skirt 112

further includes a downwardly depending section or extension or strip 120 which is connected to the

skirt 112 along a junction 122 to define a zigzag tear strip 120 as depicted in greater detail in Figures

9 and 10. As shown in Figures 9 and 10, the tear strip 120 has a zigzag pattern and incorporates

portions or circumferentially spaced segments of the flange 118. Thus, the flange 118 is defined by a

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series of connected segments such as 118A and 118B in Figures 9 and 10. The segments 118A and

118B of the flange 118 are separated by a thin molded portion in the skirt 112 so as to enable

removal of the tear strip 120 by gripping or pulling end tab 124 to thereby remove those rib sections

118B maintained on the tear strip 120.

The embodiment of Figures 6 through 11 functions in a manner similar to that of the

embodiment of Figures 2 - 5. That is the inwardly extending flanges 118 of the lid 96 cooperate with

outwardly extending ribs 88 of the bucket 74. A zig-zag tear strip is provided which, when removed,

eliminates a portion of the locking effect provided by the lower inwardly extending flange 118.

Thus, the combination includes a zig-zag tear strip and a double locking flange and rib configuration.

The combination may further include a downwardly extending tongue 110 of a lid 96 which

cooperates with a groove in the top of the bucket. Enhanced hoop strength is provided by the

configuration of the elements comprising the lid as well as the elements comprising the open end of

the container or bucket. The lid incorporates an arrangement of circular spaced hoops which may be

elastically deformed to effect engagement and locking with the open end of the container or bucket.

The various hoops provide hoop strength yet also permit appropriate deformation for removal and

replacement of the lid.

Figures 12 and 13 illustrate further alternative embodiments of the construction of the

periphery of the lid and the compatible rim of a bucket. Referring first to Figure 12, a bucket 200

includes a cylindrical or generally cylindrical bucket side wall 202 having an outer face or surface

204. The bucket 200 further includes a rim 206. The rim includes a circumferential, but outwardly

projecting rib 208 having an underside or under surface 210 and a top surface 212 adjoined by an

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outwardly inclined depending generally vertical face 214. The top rib or flange 208 extends a first

maximum radial distance R₁ from a centerline axis (not shown) of the bucket 200. The underside

surface 210 is inclined downwardly from horizontal in the range of 5° - 15°.

A second outwardly extending rib 220 is spaced vertically downwardly from the first rib 208.

The second rib 220 includes an underside or undersurface 222 which is generally parallel to the

underside 210 of the first rib 208. Both undersurfaces 210 and 222 are inclined downwardly in the

range previously disclosed. The second rib 220 includes a maximum outward radial extent R₂ from

the centerline axis of the bucket. An optional third flange or rib member 224 positioned vertically

downwardly from the second rib 220 may be included and may include a generally circular,

downwardly extending outer extension 226 to provide additional hoop strength to the rim area of the

bucket 200.

The rim 206 of the bucket 200 further includes an upwardly projecting tongue 230 having a

first or outer sealing surface 232 and an inwardly spaced inward sealing surface 234. The inward or

inner sealing surface 234 is the inside face of the bucket wall 202. The inner face 234 and the outer

face 232 converge toward one another and are joined by an arcuate apex surface 236.

The periphery or rim of a lid 250 includes an outer flange 252 spaced from an inside skirt 254

both of which depend from a generally horizontal connecting section 256. The connecting section

256 comprises a groove 258 generally compatible or congruent in cross sectional shape with the

tongue 230. However, the groove 258 is fabricated so that a slight space or separation exists

between the top or apex 236 of the tongue 230 and the bottom of the groove 258. The side faces 232

and 234 of the tongue 230 engage or fit against the side surfaces of the groove 258 to provide a very

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good seal between lid 250 and bucket 200. The top extension of the lid 256 includes an outward run

260 in opposed relation to the rib 206 and, more particularly, to the top surface of the rib 206. This

top extension 260 may be spaced slightly from the top side of the rib 206 inasmuch as the outer

flange 252 or outer skirt 252 of the lid 250 is somewhat flexible or elastic and will be compressed or

tend to flex inwardly toward the inner skirt 254 when the rim 206 of the bucket 202 is positioned

within the peripheral section of the lid 250. In other words, the flexure of the outer skirt 252 and the

extension or connection between that skirt 252 and inner skirt 254 of the lid 250 will compress to

thereby effect the seal against the side surfaces of the tongue 230 and to fit tightly against the upper

or first rib 208. In doing so, interference between the top surface of the rib 208 and the peripheral

extension 260 of the lid 250 is minimized or avoided. This promotes the seal between the lid 250

and bucket 200.

The downwardly depending flange or skirt 252 further includes an inwardly extending flange

or lid member comprising a first inwardly extending rib member 270. The first inwardly extending

rib member 270 includes a downwardly and inwardly inclined surface 272 in opposed relation to the

underside 210 of the first rib 208. The inclined surface 272 forms an arcuate angle with respect to

the underside 210 of the first rib 208. This angle is an acute angle. The rib 270 extends inwardly

toward the centerline axis of the bucket to a radial extent R₃ which radial extent is equal to or greater

than the radial extent of the second rib 220; namely, radial extent R₂.

The outer skirt or flange 252 further includes a second inwardly extending flange or rib

member 280. The flange or rib member 280 is spaced so that a top side surface 282 of the rib 280

will be in opposed relationship to the underside 222 of second rib 220. The surfaces 282 and 222 are

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in flush opposed relationship one to the other to provide an enhanced locking construction between

lid 250 and bucket 200. A zig-zag tear strip 286 which provides zig-zag tearing along a line or

partition 288 provides for removal of a strip of material from the lid 250. Removal of such a strip of

material will effect removal of portions of the second inwardly extending rib 280 thereby removing

the locking feature associated with the removed portion of the second rib 280. The rib 280 provides

an enhanced locking feature relative to the lid 250 because of the angular relationship between the

underside surfaces 222 and 210 of the second rib 220 and first rib 208, respectively, relative to the

inwardly extending second flange or lid rib 280 and the first lid rib 270. Thus, by engineering the

relationship of the construction of the ribs of the bucket 200 and the inwardly extending ribs of the

lid 250 as well as the amount of tear strip 286 that is removed when the tear strip 286 is removed

from the lid 250 or flange 252, one is able to control the effort required to replace the lid once the

bucket is open and to then re-remove the lid from the bucket. Additionally, the utilization of

providing a tongue member incorporated in the rim of the bucket for engagement with a groove in

the peripheral section of the lid provides an enhanced resealing capability not previously observed

with other relationships between a bucket 200 and lid 250.

Figure 13 illustrates a slightly revised version of the construction of Figure 12. In Figure 13

the relationship of the angular sides of a tongue 300 to a groove 302 in a lid 304 is varied slightly.

Nonetheless, a sealing surface or point 306 on one side of tongue 300 is provided and a sealing point

or section 308 on the opposite side of the tongue is provided between bucket 299 and skirt 310 of lid

304. Again, a first rib 312 of the bucket engages a first rib 314 of the lid. A second rib 316 of

bucket 299 cooperates with a second inwardly extending flange or rib 318 of lid 304. The radial

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relationships of the ribs and the engagement of the surfaces on the underside of the ribs 312 and 316

are as previously described for the embodiment of Figure 12. A tear strip 320 is provided to remove

sections of the outer flange of the lid 304 again such removal affecting the interaction between the

second rib 316 of bucket 299 and the second rib 318 of the lid 304 as previously described. Thus,

the embodiment of Figure 13 illustrates a manner in which the relationship of the surfaces forming

the ribs may be varied and a manner in which the construction of the tear strip as well as the tongue

and groove construction of the bucket lid and the bucket may be varied slightly to remain within the

scope and spirit of the invention.

Various other combinations of ribs, flanges, tear strips, and other elements as described may

be utilized without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. Thus, while there has been

set forth preferred embodiments of the invention, it is to be understood that the invention is to be

limited only by the following claims and equivalents thereof.

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